

## Annotated Bibliography

### **Primary Sources:**

101 Strings Orchestra. "America the Beautiful." N.d. Web. 16 Feb. 2014.

The music from America the Beautiful describes the American wilderness and its importance of its beauty to the American culture and people.

Albright, Horace. "Announcing the Creation of the National Park Service." Letter to Steven T. Mather. 26 Aug. 1916. *Harpers Ferry, National Park Service Historic Photograph Collection*. N.p.: n.p., n.d. N. pag. *National Parks*. PBS. Web.

This letter announces the creation of the National Parks Service to Stephen Mather who was extremely influential in the creation of the NPS. This primary source helped me understand the importance of the NPS to Mather.

*Buffalo Soldiers in Formation*. N.d. Photograph. United States Army. *NPS*. National Parks Service. Web. 14 Feb. 2014.

An image displaying the Buffalo Soldiers who were the first group of people assigned to protecting the National Parks before the National Parks Service.

"FAMOUS QUOTES CONCERNING THE NATIONAL PARKS." *History E-Library*. PBS, n.d. Web. 17 Feb. 2014.

The quotes included in the site helped me further express the importance of the National Parks Service and gain a perspective of others on our National Parks.

Fritz, Frank M., Dr. *John Muir, American Conservationist*. 1907. Photograph. Bancroft Library. *Calisphere*. Web. 31 Jan. 2014.

This image of John Muir seated on a rock, helped me visualize his appearance, and see his connection to the outdoors. This image can be found on the *home page*.

Harris & Ewing. *Gifford Pinchot, Portrait Bust, Copyright by Harris & Ewing / Harris & Ewing*. 1907. Photograph. Library of Congress. N.p.: n.p., n.d. N. pag. *Loc.gov*. Web. 24 Feb. 2014.

<http://www.loc.gov/pictures/item/ggb2004000800/>.

A portrait of Gifford Pinchot. Gifford Pinchot was the leader of the conservationists in the Hetch Hetchy controversy.

Fus, Rachel. *Yosemite Panorama*. 2012. Photograph. Yosemite. *Rachel Fus Photography*. Web. 11 Feb. 2014.

This image of the Yosemite Valley gave me a perspective of the enormous valley, the gorgeous waterfalls, and the rocky cliffs that John Muir wrote about on his journeys.

*Hetch Hetchy*. 1910. Photograph. *Hetch Hetchy Valley, before the Dam – Native History Part 1*. 03 Aug. 2007. Web. 14 Feb. 2014.

This image gave me an idea of what the Hetch Hetchy Valley would have looked like before its damming in 1914.

*John Muir, Full-length Portrait, Facing Right, Seated on Rock with Lake and Trees in Background*. 1902. Photograph. American Memory. N.p.: n.p., n.d. N. pag. *Digital Library of Congress*. Web. 11 Feb. 2014.

This image of John Muir helped me picture him in the wilderness fighting for the National Parks.

*John Muir, Yosemite*. N.d. Photograph. *Washington Column*. N.p.: n.p., n.d. N. pag. Print.

This image gave me a great idea of Yosemite's grandeur and how John Muir lived and experienced the Sierra Nevada.

*Los Angeles Herald [microform]*. (Los Angeles [Calif.]), 17 Oct. 1909. *Chronicling America: Historic American Newspapers*. Lib. of Congress.

A magazine article about the Hetch Hetchy Battle. The article described what the people of California thought of the dam and what the conflict was.

"Mission." *National Parks Conservation Association*. National Parks Conservation Association, n.d. Web. 23 Feb. 2014.

An organization devoted to ensuring that the National Parks and places of natural and historical significance are preserved for the enjoyment of the people.

Muir, John, and Linnie Marsh Wolfe. *John of the Mountains; the Unpublished Journals of John Muir*. Boston: Houghton, Mifflin, 1938. Print.

This compilation of John Muir's journals helped me understand his point of view on Yosemite, the American wilderness, and the government's strides to protect it.

Muir, John. "Letter From John Muir to James R. Garfield About the Destructive Hetch-Hetchy Plan." Letter to James R. Garfield. May 1908. *Calisphere*. University of the Pacific, n.d. Web. 14 Feb. 2014.

This letter from Muir gave me insight to his opinions on the Hetch-Hetchy Plan and his ideas about what should be done to stop the damming of the Tuolumne River.

Muir, John. "Letter from [John Muir] to [Louie Strentzel Muir]." Letter to Louie Strentzel Muir. 19 May 1903. *University of the Pacific*. N.p.: N.p., N.d. N. Pag. *Holt- Atherton Digital Collection*. Web. 22 Feb. 2014. <igitalcollections.pacific.edu>.

A letter from John Muir to his wife regarding his travels with President Theodore Roosevelt in the Yosemite Valley. The letter can be found on the Roosevelt page describing his thoughts on his travels.

Muir, John. "Letter from John Muir to [Theodore Roosevelt]." Letter to Theodore Roosevelt. 09 Sep. 1907. *Holt-Atherton Special Collections*. University of the Pacific, n.d. Web. 23 Feb. 2014.

A letter to Theodore Roosevelt that talks about his experiences in Hetch Hetchy and why it is crucial that Yosemite's counterpart is protected. The letter helped me understand how desperate John Muir was to save the valley from the dam.

Muir, John. "My First Summer in the Sierra." *The Atlantic* [Boston] Jan. 1911: n. pag. *The Atlantic Magazine*. Web. 25 Feb. 2014.

John Muir wrote multiple articles in *The Atlantic Magazine* describing his experiences in the Sierra. John Muir describes his interactions with the wilderness, his epiphany, and his hopes to return to California.

Muir, John. *Our National Parks*. Boston: Houghton, Mifflin and, 1901. Print.

This primary source written by John Muir, 'Our National Parks' provides his views on the conservation of the national parks and other wildlife areas.

"Oppose Reservoir in Yosemite Park." *New York Times* [Washington] 21 Dec. 1908: n. pag.

*NYTimes*. New York Times. Web. 31 Jan. 2014.

This article talks about the Hetch Hetchy Dam controversy coming from both perspectives. It attempts to convince the public that the Hetch Hetchy dam should not be allowed.

*PBS*. PBS, n.d. Web. 14 Feb. 2014.

Poaching in Yellowstone nearly exterminated the last free-roaming bison herd in the United States, until a celebrated case in 1894 prompted Congress to enact new laws. Here, soldiers at the park display the seven buffalo heads confiscated from the poacher.

Righter, Robert W. "THE BATTLE OVER HETCH HETCHY." *The New Yorker* 25 Apr. 2005: n. pag. *The New Yorker*. 24 Apr. 2005. Web. 16 Feb. 2014.

John Muir and the battle for Hetch Hetchy made people realize that the parks needed to be further protected and a general awareness about the environment began, resulting in the National Parks Service Act, whose purpose was to preserve the park.

Roosevelt, Theodore. "Chapter IX. Outdoors and Indoors." Theodore Roosevelt, *An Autobiography*. N.p.: n.p., 1913. N. pag. National Parks Service. NPS. Web. 25 Feb. 2014.

This excerpt from Theodore Roosevelt's *Autobiography* talked about his experiences with John Muir in the Sierra. It helped me understand how the trip impacted him and gave me a better idea of what they did.

Roosevelt, Theodore. "'John Muir: An Appreciation'" *Outlook*. Vol. 109. N.p.: n.p., 1915. 27-28. National Parks Service. NPS. Web. 25 Feb. 2014.

Theodore Roosevelt expresses his admiration for John Muir in this book, "John Muir: An Appreciation".

Roosevelt, Theodore, President. Letter to John Muir. 16 Sep. 1907. *University of Pacific*. Holt-Atherton Special Collections, 2008. Web. 1 Feb. 2014.

Roosevelt discusses the Hetch Hetchy plan with John Muir. He talks about his opinions, and what he has observed in Washington D.C. This letter can be found on the Hetch Hetchy page.

Runte, Alfred. "Alfred Runte on His First Visit to the Grand Canyon." Interview by Ken Burns. *National Parks: America's Best Idea*. PBS, 2008. Web. 16 Feb. 2014.

<http://www.pbs.org/nationalparks>.

Alfred Runte is a historian who was inspired by the National Parks as a child. This interview gave me a first hand account of what the National Parks mean to people and how important the right to the National Parks is to the American people.

*Ski Cavalry with Poacher Edgar Howell, Yellowstone National Park, circa 1890.* 1890-1900. Photograph. Montana Historical Society, Yellowstone. *PBS*. *PBS*. Web. 14 Feb. 2014.

This image gave me an idea of what the protection of the National Parks may have looked like before the NPS Act of 1916

*Soldiers Guarding Yosemite National Park, 1899.* 1899. Photograph. Yosemite National Park Museum, Archives and Library, Yosemite, CA. *PBS*. *PBS*. Web. 14 Feb. 2014.

Prior to the creation of the National Park Service, the Army was in charge of protecting the handful of national parks. Here, members of Troop F, Sixth Cavalry, pose on and around the Fallen Monarch, a giant sequoia in the park's Mariposa Grove.

*Theodore Roosevelt and John Muir, Grizzly Giant Tree, Yosemite National Park.* 1903. Photograph. Yosemite National Park - National Park Service, Yosemite, CA. *PBS*. *PBS*. Web. 15 Feb. 2014.

This image showed John Muir and Theodore Roosevelt with the escorts as they traveled into Yosemite. The picture also gave me a perspective on the size of the trees in Yosemite and the presidential entourage.

*Theodore Roosevelt and John Muir on Glacier Point, Yosemite Valley, California.* 1906. Photograph. Yosemite. [Http://memory.loc.gov/](http://memory.loc.gov/). N.p.: n.p., n.d. N. pag. *Library of Congress*. Web. 15 Feb. 2014.

An image of John Muir and Theodore Roosevelt at Glacier Point. This image describes the friendship between John Muir and President Theodore Roosevelt.

*Theodore Roosevelt and John Muir Pose with Party at the Wawona Tunnel Tree, Yosemite National Park, 1903.* 1903. Photograph. Harpers Ferry, National Park Service Historic Photograph Collection, Yosemite, CA. *PBS*. *PBS*. Web. 15 Feb. 2014.

The picture of the presidential coach passing under the enormous Sequoias tunnel gave me a

perspective on the size of the trees in Yosemite.

Toussaint, Dave. *Yosemite Valley Floor & Panorama*. 2011. Photograph. Yosemite, CA. *Flickr*. 30 Apr. 2011. Web. 16 Feb. 2014.

The image of the Yosemite Falls shows the valley's amazing size and beauty.

United States. Department of Interior. National Parks Service. *A Call to Action*. N.p.: n.p., n.d. *National Parks Service*. NPS, 25 Aug. 2011. Web. 18 Feb. 2014.

A document released by the NPS describing the success of the National Parks Service over the past century and its goals and improvements for the next. It helped me understand what the NPS strives to do and why it is so important.

United States. Department of Interior. National Parks Service. *NPS*. By John H. Franklin. National Parks Service, n.d. Web. 24 Feb. 2014.

The document released by the National Park Service gave me an idea of what the NPS wanted for the upcoming years and what its goals were.

*The Wichita Daily Eagle*. (Wichita, Kan.), 29 March 1903. *Chronicling America: Historic American Newspapers*. Lib. of Congress.

The article talks about Theodore Roosevelt and his travels to the National Parks and what his plans were. The article helped me understand what the public thought about the president in Yosemite.

*Yosemite / Hetch Hetchy and Big Oak Flat*. Russ Cary, 2006. Web. 14 Feb. 2014.

This image gave me a picture of the flooding of the Yosemite Valley after the dam was created. The dam destroyed the “counterpart of Yosemite” and this photograph helps describe the catastrophe.

## Secondary Sources:

Burns, Ken, and Dayton Duncan. *National Parks: America's Best Idea*. New York: Alfred A. Knopf, 2010. Print.

National Parks: America's Best Idea Gave Me the Entire History of the National Parks, from Their Creation, John Muir, the Creation of the NPS, and How Important the Parks Are to the People. The Book Also Included a Variety of Primary Sources, Such as Letters, Photographs, Speeches, and Quotes.

Downing, Lawrence. "John Muir And The United States National Park System." Speech. Glasgow, Scotland. 7 Oct. 1992. *Sierra Club*. Royal Scottish Geographical Society. Web. 10 Feb. 2014.

Lawrence Downing was the former president of the Sierra Club. In this speech, given in Dunbar, Scotland, he talks about John Muir's effects on conservation, and why he was so important. This speech helped me understand John Muir's importance to the environmental movement and the creation of the National Park Service.

Duncan, Dayton. "Dayton Duncan on the Human Connection to Nature." Interview by Ken Burns. *National Parks: America's Best Idea*. PBS, n.d. Web. 16 Feb. 2014. <http://www.pbs.org/nationalparks>.

The National Parks and nature in general are important for people to enjoy and view, everybody should get the opportunity to experience the National Parks.

"History." *National Parks Service*. National Parks Service, 08 Jan. 2014. Web. 06 Feb. 2014.

This article helped me understand the history of the National Parks and the NP Service, their creation, and their importance in history.

"The John Muir Exhibit." *The Sierra Club*. Sierra Club, n.d. Web. 15 Dec. 2013.

This site allowed me to help get a better idea of John Muir's contributions to the National Parks Service and his thoughts on the conservation of the United States. It provided with an abundance of information, quotes, periodicals, letters, images, and other resources that were important to my project.

Mannetta, Brian. "In Wilderness Is the Preservation of the World." <http://www.ithaca.edu/>. N.p., n.d. Web. 24 Feb. 2014.

A website describing importance of conservation and preservation during the Hetch Hetchy

controversy. I learned the main viewpoints from every side of the argument.

Miles, John C. *Guardians of the Parks: A History of the National Parks and Conservation Association*. Washington, D.C.: Taylor & Francis in Cooperation with National Parks and Conservations Association, 1995. Print.

This book helped me further understand John Muir's contributions to the national parks service. It also helped me understand the effects and importance of the National Parks and the NP Service.

Muir, John, and Roderick Nash. "'Dam Hetch Hetchy!': John Muir Contests the Hetch-Hetchy Dam." *History Matters*. The U.S. History Survey on the Web, 1912. Web. 20 Feb. 2011.

This website describes John Muir's fight for Hetch Hetchy. The battle over Hetch Hetchy was an extremely important event, in which the world began to realize that the wilderness could be destroyed and that it needed to be protected.

"The National Parks: America's Best Idea." *PBS*. PBS, n.d. Web. 12 Feb. 2014.

This PBS site gave me a great timeline of the National Parks movement and what role John Muir played in the creation of the National Parks Service.

*National Parks: America's Best Idea (Stephen Mather Hired to Manage the National Parks)*. Dir. Ken Burns. Florentine Films, 2009. DVD. *National Parks: America's Best Idea*. PBS. Web. 16 Feb. 2014.

Stephen Mather was one of the first directors of the National Parks Service. This short film helped me understand his thoughts on the National Parks when he first saw them and how they changed his views.

NPT STAFF. "Revisiting the Organic Act: Can It Meet the Next Century's Conservation Challenges?" *National Parks Traveler*. National Parks Traveler, 12 Feb. 2012. Web. 8 Feb. 2014.

This site gave me an idea of National Parks Service Organic Act in the context of today and the upcoming century. The article tests the act against time.

"Organic Act of 1916." *National Parks Service*. National Parks Service, 19 Jan. 2014. Web. 08 Feb. 2014.

This website provided me with the contents of the National Parks Service Act of 1916 and what its purpose was. It also helped me understand the history of its creation and its impact on rights and



responsibilities.

Pope, Carl. "Carl Pope on the Parks and Democracy." Interview by Ken Burns. *National Parks: America's Best Idea*. PBS, n.d. Web. 16 Feb. 2014. <<http://www.pbs.org/nationalparks>>.

The fact that our National Parks are available and owned by everybody in the United States makes it a very special system. This video can be found on the rights page. The interview describes the importance of the so called "Democratic Experiment in Nature," and its uniqueness.

Roosevelt, Theodore, President. "President Theodore Roosevelt on Yosemite and the National Parks." Speech. Laying of the Cornerstone at the Yellowstone Entrance Arch. Yellowstone. *PBS*. PBS. Web. 22 Feb. 2014.

President Theodore Roosevelt addressing citizens in Montana about Yellowstone, its features and uniqueness, and its importance to the nation. The speech gave me an insight into Roosevelt's opinions on the National Parks.

"Shaping the System." *National Parks Service*. NPS, n.d. Web. 15 Feb. 2014.

A presentation by the National Parks Service about the evolution of NP System. This source helped me understand John Muir's contributions to the NPS and they changed the governments responsibilities and our rights.

Skoglund, Matt. "Theodore Roosevelt, Wildlife Conservation, Democracy." *SwitchBoard*. N.p., 05 June 2009. Web. 23 Feb. 2014.

Theodore Roosevelt valued the conservation of the United States, and making it available for every person in the United States. The site helped me understand his opinions and provided quotes from speeches.

*Theodore Roosevelt Delivers Speech at Cornerstone Ceremony for Roosevelt Arch, Yellowstone National Park*. 1903. Photograph. Jackson Hole Historical Society, Yellowstone National Park. *PBS*. PBS. Web. 22 Feb. 2014.

A photograph of President Theodore Roosevelt talking about Yosemite and the National Parks. This gave me a better idea of President Theodore Roosevelt's opinions on the National Parks.

Winks, Robin W. "THE NATIONAL PARK SERVICE ACT OF 1916: "A CONTRADICTIONARY MANDATE"?" (1997): 1-10. *National Parks Traveler*. F Denver University Law Review.

Web. 13 Feb. 2014.

A document about the Organic Act helped me better understand the importance of the Organic Act and what it meant for our rights and responsibilities. It also discussed the conflict about its exact goal.

Watson, Paul, Capt. "Saluting John Muir's Anti-Hunting Philosophy." Sea Shepherd Conservation Society. Greenpeace, 21 Apr. 2006. Web. 27 Feb. 2014.

Paul Watson talks about John Muir's views on animal and wildlife rights. I found a variety of John Muir quotes on animal rights.